

Dalrymple for Governor Amy C. Lunde, Campaign Manager P. O. Box 952 Bismarck, ND 58502

FEB - 5 2016

RE: MUR 6931

Dear Ms. Lunde:

On April 17, 2015, the Federal Election Commission notified Dalrymple for Governor, a.k.a. Friends of Jack Dalrymple, (the "Committee") of a complaint alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended. On December 10, 2015, the Commission found, on the basis of the information in the complaint, and information provided by you, that there is no reason to believe the Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a) in connection with a contribution from John Pfeffer. Also on this date, the Commission dismissed the allegations that contributions made by Leo Ledohowski and accepted by the Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a). Accordingly, the Commission closed its file in this matter on January 21, 2016.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 70,426 (Dec. 18, 2003) and Statement of Policy Regarding Placing First General Counsel's Reports on the Public Record, 74 Fed. Reg. 66,132 (Dec. 14, 2009). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which explains the Commission's findings, is enclosed for your information.

If you have any questions, please contact Ana Pena-Wallace, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

Daniel A. Petalas

Acting General Counsel

BY:

Jeff S. Jordan

Assistant General Counsel Complaints Examination and Legal Administration

Enclosure
Factual and Legal Analysis

1 2	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS			
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4 5 6 7	RESPONDENTS:	Governor Jack Dalrymple Dalrymple for Governor (a.k.a. Friends of Jack Dalrymple)	MUR 6931	
8	I. INTRODUCTION			
9	This matter	This matter was generated by a complaint filed with the Federal Election Commission		
1.0	(the "Commission") by Daniel G. Hinnenkamp on April 10, 2015, alleging violations of the			
11	Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act") by Governor Jack Dalrymple			
12	and Dalrymple for Governor. For the reasons set forth below, the Commission finds no reason			
13	believe that Governor Jack Dalrymple and Dalrymple for Governor violated 52 U.S.C.			
14	§ 30121(a) in connection with a contribution from John Pfeffer. Additionally, the Commission			
15	exercised its prosecutorial discretion and dismissed the remaining allegation that the			
16	Respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a) in connection with a contribution from Leo			
17	Ledohowski.			
18	II. FACTUAI	AND LEGAL ANALYSIS		
19	A. Factua	Background		
20	Based on in	formation obtained from the North Dakota	Secretary of State's website, the	
21	complaint alleges that Governor Jack Dalrymple of North Dakota and his campaign committee			
22	accepted contributions from foreign nationals, in violation of the Act: specifically, a \$2,500			
23	contribution on July 11, 2012, made by Leo Ledohowski, who disclosed a Canadian mailing			
24	address, and a \$1,000 contribution from John Pfeffer on October 15, 2012, who had a London			
25	mailing address.			

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1 Available information confirms that Ledohowski is a Canadian citizen but Governor

- 2 Dalrymple's response asks that no action be taken because his acceptance of Ledohowski's
- 3 contribution was "an inadvertent violation resulting from the campaign's reliance on state law." 1
- 4 His campaign refunded Ledohowski's contribution on April 22, 2015.
- With regard to the alleged foreign contribution from Pfeffer, Dalrymple states that his
- 6 campaign believed that Pfeffer was a citizen of the United States. The response included a copy
- 7 of Pfeffer's original contribution check, which shows a Tennessee address.² Dalrymple states
- 8 that the London address listed on the committee's disclosure report was an updated address from
- 9 an address service. Pfeffer has also confirmed that he is a U.S. citizen and has provided a copy
- of his U.S. passport indicating the same.

B. Legal Analysis

Under the Act, it is unlawful for a foreign national, directly or indirectly, to make a

- contribution or donation of money or other thing of value "in connection with a Federal, State, or
- local election." In addition, no person may solicit, accept, or receive a foreign national
- 15 contribution or donation. A "foreign national" is an individual who is not a citizen of the United
- 16 States or a national of the United States and who is not lawfully admitted for permanent

Dalrymple Resp. (Apr. 22, 2015).

² Id., Attach. 1.

³ *Id.* at 1.

⁴ 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a)(1)(A); 11 C.F.R. § 110.20(b).

⁵² U.S.C. § 30121(a)(2). The Commission's regulations employ a "knowingly" standard here. 11 C.F.R. § 110.20(g). A person knowingly accepts a prohibited foreign national contribution or donation if that person has actual knowledge that funds originated from a foreign national, is aware of facts that would lead a reasonable person to conclude that there is a substantial probability that the funds originated from a foreign national, or is aware of facts that would lead a reasonable person to inquire whether the funds originated from a foreign national but failed to conduct a reasonable inquiry. *Id.* § 110.20(a)(4).

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this matter.

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- residence. 6 If a committee treasurer, based on new evidence not available to the political
- 2 committee at the time of receipt and deposit, discovers that an illegal contribution, such as one
- from a foreign national, was accepted, the treasurer shall refund the contribution to the
- 4 contributor within thirty days of the date on which the illegality is discovered.⁷

It appears that the contribution that Governor Dalrymple's campaign accepted from Ledohowski violated the prohibition on contributions by foreign nationals under the Act and Commission regulations. Governor Dalrymple, however, indicates that in accepting the contribution he relied on guidance provided by a state government office that was ultimately incorrect. Moreover, his committee promptly refunded the impermissible contributions from Ledohowski, totaling \$2,500, on April 22, 2015, shortly after being notified of the complaint in

Based on the available information, it appears that the violation may have been inadvertent in nature. In light of the fact that the illegal contribution was refunded within the thirty-day time period required by Commission regulations, further enforcement resources are not warranted in this matter. Accordingly, the Commission has chosen to exercise its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegations that Governor Jack Dalrymple, and Dalymple for Governor (a.k.a. Friends of Jack Dalrymple) violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a) in connection with Ledohowski's contributions. §

Furthermore, in light of the available evidence that demonstrates that Pfeffer is a United States citizen, his contribution to Governor Dalrymple's campaign committee did not violate the

⁶ 52 U.S.C. § 30121(b)(2); 11 C.F.R. § 110.20(a)(3)(ii).

⁷ 11 C.F.R. § 103.3(b)(2).

⁸ See Heckler v. Chaney, 470 U.S. 821 (1985).

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- 1 Act's foreign national contribution prohibition. Therefore, the Commission finds no reason to
- 2 believe that Governor Jack Dalrymple and Dalrymple for Governor (a.k.a. Friends of Jack
- 3 Dalrymple) violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a) in connection with John Pfeffer's contribution.